THE DAILY REPUBLIC will be furnished by carriers to subscribers in Washington and its vicinity

Advertisements inserted at the lowest rates.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLIC. NINTH STREET, PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. WASHINGTON, D. C.

By the President of the United States.

In pursuance of law, I, MILLARD FILLMORE, President of the United States of America, describy declare and make known that public sale will be held at the undermentioned Land Offices in the State of WISCONSIN, at the periods here imafter designated, to wit:

inafter designated, to wit:

At the Land Office at WILLOW RIVER, commencing on Monday, the second day of May next, for the disposal of the public lands situated within the undermentioned townships and fractional townships, vis:

North of the base line and usest of the fourth principal meridian.

Township forty nine and fractional township fifty, on certain islands and the main shore of Lake Superior, of range three.

Fractional township fifty, on the main shore of Lake Superior, of range four.

Township forty nine, and fractional townships fifty and fifty one, on the main shore of Lake Superior, of range seven.

fifty and fifty one, on the main shore of Lake Su-perior, of range seven.

Township forty nine and fractional township fifty, on the shore of Lake Superior, of range eight.

Fractional townships forty nine and fifty, on the shore of Lake Superior, of range nine.

Townships twenty nine, thirty, thirty one, and thirty two; townships forty seven and forty eight and fractional township forty nine, on the shore of Lake Superior, of range ten.

Townships twenty eight, twenty nine, thirty, thirty one, and thirty two, and fractional town-ship forty nine, on the shore of Lake Superior, of range elseen.

range eleven.
Townships thirty, thirty one, thirty two, thirty-Townships thirty, thirty one, thirty two, thirty-three, and thirty four, and fractional township forty nine, on Lake Superior, of range twelve.
Townships thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, and thirty-four, of range thirteen.
Townships thirty one, thirty two, thirty three, and thirty four, of range feurteen.
Townships thirty one, thirty two, thirty three, and thirty four, of range fifteen.
At the Land Office at LA CROSSE, commencing on Monday, the sixteenth day of May next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships, to wit:

North of the base line and west of the fourth principa meridian.
Townships seventeen, eighteen, and nineteen, of

range one.

Townships twenty-one and twenty-two, of range z. Townships twenty-one and twenty-two, of range

Townships twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, and twenty-four, of range eight.
Townships twenty one, twenty-two, twenty-three, and twenty-four, of range nine.
Townships twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty four, and twenty-five, of range ten
Townships twenty four and twenty five, of range

eleven.

At the Land Office at STEVENS POINT, commencing on Monday, the ninth day of May next, for the disposal of the public lands situated within the limits of the undermentioned townships, to North of the base line and east of the fourth princi

pal meridian.
Township twenty five, of range four. Townships twenty five, of range four.
Townships twenty five, twenty seven, twenty eight, twenty nine, thirty, thirty one, and thirty two, of range five.
Township twenty five, of range six.
Sections eighteen, nineteen, thirty, and thirty one, in township twenty five, of range seven.
Townships twenty five and twenty six, of range ten.

ten.
Township twenty five, of range eleven.
At the Land Office at MENASHA, commencing on Monday, the twenty third day of May next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships, vis:

North of the base line and east of the fourth principal miritism.

meridian.

Townships twenty two and twenty three, of

Townships twenty two and twenty three, of range thirteen.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military and other purposes, together with "those swamp and overflowed lands made unfit thereby for cultivation," if any, which shall be selected by the State authorities before the days appointed for the commencement of the public sales respectively, under the act entitled "An act to enable the State of Arkansas and other States to reclaim the "swamp lands" within their limits," approved September 28, 1850, will be excluded from the sales.

September 28, 1860, will be excluded from the sales.

The offering of the above-mentioned lands will be commenced on the days appointed, and will proceed in the order in which they are advertised, with all convenient despatch, antil the whole shall have been offered, and the sales thus closed; but no sale shall be kept open longer than two weeks, and no private entry of the lands will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks.

Given under my hand at the city of Washington, this first day of February, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty three.

MILLARD FILLMORE.

By the President:

MILLARD FILLMORE.

LIBERTY STOVE WORKS & HOLLOW-WARE FOUNDRY, Philadelphia.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully inform the public, that having still further enlarged and improved their WORKS, and increased their facilities, they are now prepared to execute orders for stoves, hollow-ware, &c., on the most reasonable

erms.

They invite the attention of SOUTHERN and WESTERN MERCHANTS to their large and extensive assortment of NEW PATTERNS, all of which have been got up at great expense, combining originality and beauty of design, with durability, utility, and economy in their operation, comprising the most complete and varied assortment of STOVES ever offered for saie; consisting of Liberty Air-Tight Cook, for wood or coal; Complete Cook; Star Air-Tight; Star Frankin; Star Radiator; Fire King Radiator; Improved Jenny Lind; Cannon Stoves; Bases; Bare Cylinders; Bar-Rooms; Radiator Plates; Tea Kettles; Ranges; Gas Ovens, &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS desirous of ordering by letter can have a list of prices sent by mail, con-

by letter can have a list of prices sent by mail, containing drawings and descriptions of all the different varieties of Stoves, &c.

ABBOTT & LA WRENCE,

Brown St., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

The Daily Republic

VOL. V.

By the President of the United States.

of range seven.

Townships forty six, forty seven, forty eight and forty nine, and fractional township fifty, o

teen.
Section eighteen, in township forty seven, on "Grand Island," of range eighteen.
Township forty seven, on "Grand Island," (except lot one in section twelve, lot two in twenty)

cept fot one in section twelve, for two in twenty one, lots two, three, and four in twenty two, and lots one, two, and three in twenty three,) and township forty eight, on "Grand Island," (ex-cept sections fourteen, fifteen, and sixteen,) of

North of the base line and west of the principal mere

Fractional township forty one, of range five.

dian.

Township forty two, of range twenty three.

WASHINGTON: THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 14, 1853.

By the President of the United States.

In pursuance of law, I, FRANKLIN PIERCE,
President of the United States of America, do
hereby declare and make known, that public sales
will be held at the undermentioned land offices, in
the State of MICHIGAN, at the periods hereinaf
ter designated, to wit:

At the land office at the SAULT STE. MARIE,
commencing on Monday, the twenty-second day,
of August next; for the disposal of the public
lands within the following named townships and
fractional townships, situated east of Chocolate
river, viz: ing on Monday, the twenty second day of Au next, for the disposal of the public lands situ within the following-named townships, viz: North of the base line and east of the principal meri

Township thirty three, of range two.

Township thirty three, of range two.

Township thirty three, of range three.

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military and other purposes, together with "those swamp and overflowed lands made unfit thereby for cultivation," if any, granted to the State by the act entitled "An act to enable the Sinte of Aranas and other State to reclaim the "swamp. Townships forty four and forty five, of range four; townships forty four and forty five, fractional township fifty, and section thirty one, on the main land of township fifty one, of range five.

Townships forty five and forty six, of range six.

Townships forty five, forty six, and forty seven,

the act entitled "An act to enable the Siste of Ar-kanasa and other States to reclaim the 'swamp lands' within their limits," approved September 29, 1850, will be excluded from the sales. Particular lists of the sections and parts of sec-tions not heretofore offered at public sale in the particular townships above mentioned, will be de-posited with the register and receiver at the Sault Ste. Marie before the day of sale. The offering of

and forty nine, and fractional townships forty six, forty seven, and forty eight, and fractional townships forty nine and fifty, of range nine.

Townships forty six, of range eleven.

Townships forty six, forty seven, and forty eight, and fractional townships forty nine and fifty, of range twelve.

Townships forty six, forty seven, forty eight, and fractional townships forty nine and fifty, of range thirteen. than two weeks, and no private entry or location by land warrants for bounties heretofore granted by any law of Congress for military services readered to the United States of any of the lands, will be admitted until after the expiration of the

two weeks.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three.

FRANKLIN PIERCE. and fractional townships forty nine and fifty, of range thirteen.

Townships forty two, forty three, forty six, forty seven, and forty eight, and fractional township forty nine, of range fourteen.

Townships forty six, forty seven, and forty eight, of range fifteen.

Fractional township forty two, township forty three, and fractional townships forty eight and forty nine, of range sixteen.

Fractional township forty eight, of range seventeen.

By the President: JOHN WILSON, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS.

Every person entitled to the right of pre-emp-tion to any of the lands within the townships and parts of townships above anumerated, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the re

May 20-law13w GIDEON B. MASON, by his Bill in circuit court for next friend, William | Worcester county next in Mason, us. Worcester county, State of Maryland. May term, 1853.

range nineteen.
Townships forty three, forty four, forty five, and forty six, and fractional townships forty seven and forty eight, of range twenty one.

At the SAME PLACE, commencing on Monday, the fifth day of September next, for the disposal of the public lands within the limits of the following-named townships and fractional townships lying west of the Chocolate river, viz: MARIA MASON. THE BILL in this cause states that the com-plainant is a resident of Worcester county, State of Maryland; that he hath resided in said Township forty two, of range twenty three.
Townships forty one and forty two; fractional sections two, (except lot four,) three, (except lot five;) section four; the east half of five; and lot one, in section eleven, in lournship forty eight; and the west half of section thirty two, and fractional section thirty three, on the main land, in lournship forty nine, of range twenty five.
Townships forty one, forty two, forty three, forty four, forty five, and fifty, of range twenty seven. section thirty three, on the main land, in totonship forty nine, of range twenty five.

Townships forty one, forty two, forty three,
forty four, forty five, and fifty, of range twenty
seven.

Townships forty one, forty two, forty three,
forty four, forty five, and fifty; sections two, three,
and four, in township fifty eight; and fractional
four of thirty two, on "Porter's Island," and lot
one of thirty three,) of range twenty eight.

Section six in township fifty eight, and frac
tional sections thirty and thirty one, (except the
west part of lot three,) in township fifty nine, of
range twenty nine.

Sections one, two, three, four, five, (except the
north fraction on the east cape of Eagle harbor,)
and six in township fifty eight, and sections thirty
two, (except the east part of lot three,) thirty
two, (except the east part of lot three,)
three, (except two small tracts on the east and
west capes of "Grand Marsis Harbor,") thirty
four, thirty five, and thirty six (except the two
small fractions on the capes of "North and South
Bays,") in township fifty nine, of range
thirty two,
Sections seventeen, eighteen, and hineteen, on
the main land, in township fifty three, of range
hirty two.
Fractional townships forty one and forty two,
Fractional t has, why a decree ought not to pass as prayed.

Test: EDWARD D. MARTIN, Clerk.

True copy. Test: EDWARD D. MARTIN, Clerk. June 14-lawbw

six and forty seven, and the sections and parts of sections not heretofore effered in townships forty gight and forty nine, of range forty four.

Fractional township forty five, townships forty six and forty seven, and the sections and parts of sections not heretofore offered at public sale in townships forty eight, forty nine, and fifty, of range forty five.

MAYOK'S PROUGHAMATOR.

WHEREAS by the act entitled "An act relating to dogs," approved 25th July, 1829, and the act amending the same, approved 27th April, 1838, it is provided that "whenever it shall be made appear to the satisfaction of the Mayor that any animal of the adj kind within this city shall be forty five.

sections not heretofore offered at public sale in townships forty sine, and fifty, of range forty five.

Fractional townships forty five and forty six, townships forty seven and forty eight, and the sections and parts of sections not heretofore offered at public sale in fractional townships forty six, forty seven, forty eight, and forty nine, of range forty six.

The sections and parts of sections not heretofore offered at public sale in townships forty six, forty seven, forty eight, and forty nine, of range forty eight.

The sections and parts of sections not heretofore offered at public sale in fractional township forty or nine, of range forty eight.

The sections and parts of sections not heretofore offered at public sale in fractional township forty or nine, of range forty eight.

The west half of section one, sections two, ten, (except lot one,) eleven, west half of twelve, west half of thirteen, fourteen, and the north half of fifteen, in fractional township forty eight, of range forty nine.

North of the base line and east of the principal meridian.

Sections seven, eight, nine, fifteen, seventeen, and eighteen, on the main land, in township forty seven, of range one.

Fractional township forty one, (except lots two and three in section ten, lots one and two in section twelve, and fractional section fifteen,) of range four.

Fractional township forty one, of range five.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE FOR JULY. Re ceived at the Agency.
TAYLOR & MAURY'S

Bookstore, near 9th st.

June 30

THE REPUBLIC.

Erial Voyages.

An ardent and firm believer in the practicability of travelling with great celerity through the air, in such manner as soon to render the art of agreat service to the human family in the prosecution of the business of every day life, (Mr.
Rever Porter,) promises the citizens of Washington an early demonstration of the feasibility
of his plan. We shall believe in his discovery and
weder him all honor upon witnessing the success of his experiment. In the meantime, however, the views of other experimenters may not
be uninteresting to our readers. We quote from
the Philadelphia Inquirer:

"We recently published a highly interesting
carrespondence between Mr. John Wise, the celebrated seronaut, of Lancaster, Penn., and the
Hon. Ellis Lewis, in relation to a plan, as proproduce suffusion on the brain, and a whole
attention, and we perceive that the correspondence is copied in detail or in abstract by many
of our contemporaries of various portions of the
Union. The estimate for an experimental trip is
application. We such the complexing its protuberance. If it survives, it is more or
less weakly, and stunted for life—the complexion never assumes a healthy hue, and the vital great service to the human family in the prose

chrespondence between Mr. John Wise, the celebrated eronaut, of Lancaster, Penn., and the Hon. Ellis Lewis, in relation to a plan, as proposed by the former, of crossing the ocean in a balloon. The subject has attracted considerable adlention, and we perceive that the correspond of our contemporaries of various portions of the Union. The estimate for an experimental trip is \$25,000; but in the first place Mr. Wise proposes to make at least one successful voyage from one of the western cities to the seaboard, and thus having in some degree tested his capacity and his enterprise, to commence arrangements for the more hazardous undertaking of crossing the Atlantic. In a letter now before us, he enters more fully into his views and expectations, and expresses the utmost confidence in his ability to carry the daring project into successful examination. He says: "I always find strong currents from the N. W. and S. W. at elevations within three miles. These two currents traverse and form a compound current between them, making, of course, a current castward. The why or the wherefore of these currents it is not for me to wherefore of these currents it is not for me to be suffusion on the brain, and a whole trabe of landanum upon the children is to The effect of laudanum upon the children is to The effect of laudanum upon the children is to The effect of laudanum upon the children is to The effect of laudanum upon the children is to The effect of laudanum upon the children is to The effect of laudanum upon the children is to The effect of laudanum upon the children is to The effect of laudanum upon the children is to The effect of laudanum upon the children is to The effect of laudanum upon the children is to trabe of glandular and mesenteric disorders. The child is sinks into a low turpid state, and wastes away to a skeleton, the stome trabe of glandular and mesenteric disorders. The child is sinks into a low turpid state, and wastes away to a skeleton, the tribe of glandular and mesenteric disorders. The child is sink to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register and receiver of the proper land office, and make payment therefor as soon as practicable after the commencement of the public saie of the land embracing the tract claimed; otherwise such claim will be forfeited.

JOHN WILSON,

Commissioner of the General Land Office.

May 20. Law 12. thirty-nine out of forty times in my experience, and the one exception presented a calin at the altitude of nearly eight miles, (barometrical,) on which occasion, no doubt, two or three thousand feet more altitude would have reached them. I mention this single exception, because it was the only time that I did not, over an altitude of the sale is immense.

The "Godfrey" is an old-fashioned preparation, and has been in use for nearly a century. It is made of different degrees of strength, but on the average contains about an ounce and a half of laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to laudanum to the quart. The dose is from half a laudanum to lau the only time that I did not, over an altitude of two miles, find an eastward current.
"These facts are substantiated as existing in the

longitude of Great Britain by the experience and ervations of Mr. Charles Green, an eronaut of hundreds of accensions, and published by him some years ago in the Polytechnic Journal of London. His noted arial voyage, when accompanied by Lord Holland and Monet Muson, from London to eighty miles per hour—oftener over fifty miles per hour than under. I might mention particular voyages which I made from west to east of forty to over one hundred miles in length, but as they are recorded in a printed work, it is unnecessary are recorded in a printed work, it is unnecessary are recorded in a printed work in the very without the state of to enumerate them here. Assuming then the velocity at sixty-eight miles per hour, and the distance to Europe at twenty-seven hundred miles, it would require forty-five hours to make the voyage. Now, a balloon, so impervious that it shall not deteriorate the gas by diffusion to the amount not deteriorate the gas by diffusion to the amount of three per cent. per twenty-four hours, I can construct of silk and prepared linseed oil, when of a capacity sufficient for this purpose. Surface does not increase as rapidly as cube; therefore, a very large balloon, say one hundred and twenty-five feet in diameter, made as perfect as a balloon five feet in diameter, inade as perfect as a balloon thirty feet in diameter, will only lose two and a half per cent., while the small loses ten per cent. of its gas power by diffusion. But linseed oil and silk can be made so impervious to gas that it will retain it as well as glass. The high polish, tenacity, elasticity, and indestructibility of linseed oil, with all the fat and fecula driven from it, are ont generally appreciated. I doubt whether it is known by any workers in linseed oil, or even to

of eighty!

"Having with me the programme of one of my concerts given in California, I showed it to him. He took it, and though the print is very small, he read every word of it—seemingly to wish to show us that he could—without spectacles! He then turned to me and said, 'Come, sir, will you sing me a song?'

"With pleasure, if it will afford you the least amusement,' said I.

"Accordingly my pipes were set a-going—and when finished—what do you think? Why he, the veteran singer, going towards the piano, said to me—

"Now, sir, you have done me the favor to sing me a song, I will give you one of mine?'

"He sang the 'Death of Nelson' gloriously! I never heard him give it with greater power and effect. It was a treat, I assure you, and was so unexpected. But I think his reply to me, upon my asking him quite seriously, of course, if he intended again visiting America, the greatest thing on record—'Why, sir, I can hardly say, but may!'

"He specke of many in New York—and of the old in the least of the world." Jamaeo, King of all the world. The specker of many in New York—and of the old. The specker of many in New York—and of the old. on record—'Why, sir, I can hardly say, but I may!'

"He spoke of many in New York—and of the old Shah, Persia; one Imaum, Muscat; one Ameer, Cabul; and one Director, of Nicaragua.

Tabernacle, where he made his debut—said he was glad the Americans seemed to like Alboni so; and made this remark, or as near as I can remember, in reference to her matchless voice: 'I never in reference to her matchless voice: 'I never heard so fine a voice—it is like a gum tree, sir—it oozes out like; and in her pathetic passages would like; and like a like

LARE SUPERIOR IRON MOUNTAINS .- The Lake Superior Journal says they are scarcely to be esti-mated. There is iron enough of the best quality to supply the wants of the entire country for cen-

render it an agreeable and instructive newsparalike worthy the patronage of every family, appropriate for the perusal of every reader. TERMS.

Two Dollars per annum, payable invariably in advance.

GIDEON & CO. Washington, D. C.

No 8.

Nursing by Laudanum-An English In

this cruel system which we have promised; it will

and shows that the usages of civilized society ar

Sometimes the children are dosed by the nurse

without the knowledge or consent of the mothers who, however, soon find out the truth by the lan

We give the following borrible de

The Columbian, a sprightly and vigorous weekly newspaper printed at Olympia, (probably the future capital of Washington Territory,) is before us, of the dates of May 7th, 14th, and 21st. It is conducted by T. F. McElrov and J. J. Bezzz. We look upon it with wonder, giving evidence as it does of the existence of every thing required in that far-off region to constitute a newspaper, and consequently a city.

In its issue of the 7th the Columbian says:

"The recent enactment of the law to establish the 'Territory of Washington' has given a new, gallant, dashing, sparkling, and ponderous momentum to the march and swagger of 'progress' hereabouts. During our poor dependency upon the cold charities of Oregon we were crowded, cramped, crushed, and imposed upon in every possible way and on all occasions. The shipping of the great Puget Sound consisted of one little schooner and three dilapidated old brigs. They brought us our only supplies, the most intolerable trash from the San Francisco auctions. Our representation in the Oregon Legislature was but a pittance of what we were entitled to. We had no territorial roads: and of the many public build-"The recent enactment of the law to establish trash from the San Francisco auctions. Our re-presentation in the Oregon Legislature was but a pittance of what we were entitled to. We had no territorial roads; and of the many public build-ings provided for by Congress, not one was given to our northern half of the then Territory. No charter could be obtained by our enterprising citi-zens to concentrate their means and efforts for the public welfare. Our limited population was kept small by the desperately hostile measures of our neighbors. Every conceivable bug-bear, mud-mountains, barren lands, &c., &c., was conjured in to disgust or efficient the world be settles with mountains, barren lands, &c., &c., was conjured up to disgust or affright the would-be settler north of the Columbia. Our condition to some would have seemed hopeless, but there was no despairing. Our faith, defined in the good book as being 'the substance of things hoped for, and the evidence of things not seen,' kept us comforted and strong. 'The winter of our discontent' is passed and gone. and gone.

"We have two steam and three water-power only venders of these narcotics. The low public houses and the "general" shops keep them made up in penny and half-penny doses, and, as may be saw-mills, one lath, and one flouring-mill—all in operation. We have a semi-monthly mail comoperation. We have a semi-monthly mail communication with the States, a weekly with Oregon, a line of sail-boats between the head and the mouth of Admiralty inlet, and a military express between Olympia and Fort Steilacoom, via Fort Nisqually. Our Indians are perfectly docile, and of great service to the community, both as boatmen on the sound and laborers on shore. Fine flourishing farms by hundreds are being established in all directions. Our rich prairies are being ploughed, fenced, and planted. The wheat sown last fall exhibits a luxuriant thriftiness, and seems to smile assurance of heavy purses after teaspoonful to two teaspoonfuls. "Infant's Cor-dial" has the reputation of being stronger, con-taining on the average two ounces of laudanum to the quart. The stronger the potion is, indeed, the more it is sure to be in demand; and the dealers sown last fall exhibits a luxuriant thriftiness, and seems to smile assurance of heavy purses after harvest. The commerce of the Sound has increased many fold in the past year. We have just cause to be proud of our fine fleet of ships, barques, brigs, and schooners, driving a brisk trade, alike beneficial to the country and themselves. Our towns are springing forward with bustling alacrity. Houses are erected as though a magician bade them rise. Merchants with well assorted stocks are placing themselves at al points convenient to the people. Families are more it is sure to be in demand; and the dealers have a half-emptied bottle frequently brought to them with a request for a drachm or so additional of landanum. The constituents of all these doses over and above the narcotic element are water, anise-seed, and treacle. The stuff is often made by wholesale in huge coppers, holding perhaps twenty gallons, and thence supplied to the druggists and the general shops, to be frequently sold in the latter as "children's draughts, a penny each."

Sometimes the children are dosed by the nurses points convenient to the people. Families are thronging into the country and making their per-manent abodes. Society is improving. The many little flocks of children here and there are ng. The guid air and wasting limbs of their offspring. But the administration of "sleeping stuff," for the purpose of obtaining an undisturbed night's rest, is almost a universal practice even by parents who would shrink from stupifying their offspring in the being provided with good schools. Ministers are are organizing, and divine amongst us, courcies are of services are regularly performed.

affairs are wondrously and ad-Verily, our affairs are changed."

is almost a universal practice even by parents who would shrink from stupifying their offspring in the daytime. Very young girls, too, when left in charge of children, follow the usages of the old nurses; and thus, when every engine in Manchester is panting and throbbing, and every adult and youthful hand and eye upon the alert, a large proportion of the infant population is lying in a torpid sleep—their young energies scaled up, and their brains becoming softened under the spell of the wretched potion which has lulled them. The question here arises, whether a child so treated In its succeeding number the Columbian says: "As a State in the American Union, our numerative strength and maritime importance will be seen and felt in the National Councils. Our Senators and Represedtatives will demand and obtain our due appreciation. We shall participate in the honors of cabinet positions, and appointments to the foreign missions on the Pacific, pointments to the foreign missions on the Pacific, and the distinction of a citizen of the new 'STATE question here arises, whether a child so treated, but surviving its youth, has not imbibed tastes for opium-drinking which cling to it in after-life. We are inclined to believe that such cases are the exand the distinction of a citizen of the new STATE of Washington's being appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to Japan or China will be of itself a gladdening compliment to the State and a brilliant and durable honor to the citizen. Society ceptions, not the rule. The steady disciple of the mills, as soon as the child is introduced to them, known by any workers in linseed oil, or even to chemists, that it will attain a red heat before it gives up by vaporization its fact and fecula.'

"All this may seem wild and visionary to some; and yet this, it must be remembered, is an age of progress, and Mr. Wise has already shown, by his grown-up population. The drug is used in both thriving populations, our sprightly near villages of the grown-up population. The drug is used in both thriving populations, our sprightly near villages with their soul-soliciting church belis, will be among Introduction to the progress and sections thirty two to thirty six, in township fifty one; and sections thirteen, fourteen, twenty three, twenty four, (except the east part of lot two,) twenty five, and twenty six, in township forty four, or range thirty four.

Township forty four, or range thirty four.

Fractional townships forty twee, or forty five, forty six, forty seven, forty three, forty four, forty six, forty seven, forty eight, and forty hine, of range thirty six.

Fractional townships forty two and forty two and forty three, forty four, forty six, forty seven, forty eight, and forty nine, of range thirty six.

Fractional townships forty two and forty two and forty three, forty four, forty six, forty seven, forty eight, and forty nine, of range thirty six.

Fractional townships forty two and forty three, forty four, forty six, forty seven, forty eight, and forty nine, of range thirty six.

Fractional townships forty two and forty three, forty four, forty six, forty seven, forty eight, and forty nine, of range thirty six.

Fractional townships forty two and forty three, forty four, forty six, forty seven, forty eight, and forty nine, of range thirty six.

Fractional townships forty two and forty three, forty four, forty five, forty aix, forty seven, forty eight, and forty nine, of range thirty six.

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and sembreing the text claimed, otherwise complete the formation of the General Land Office.

The sembre of the General Land Office, and the State of the State o rairoad, save a vast amount of irksome travel, and enter Washington without having to plod along with oxen, or pass through Oregon and pay 'tall' at the 'gate.' A trip to the States, to Europe, or to the East Indies will be no more of a task than a man may deem it to be to pack his trunk and bestow himself in a car or on board a flying water-craft. The Pacific railroad will then be completed, and if the main trunk does not come to the Sound, as it evidently should, a branch will, and two-thirds of the commerce over the continent, including the great East India trade, and the transportation of the proceeds of the whale fishery, will be ours. The lesser lines of railroad throughout our then State will have entirely superseded our present mode of travel and receiving and forwarding supplies. Distant places and persons will be brought near unto each other as neighborhoads and neighbors. Sociability will prevail, because all will be prospering. Peace with all foreign nations will be our condition, because the power of our Republic will be such as to force them into the belief that amicable relations with us will be for their own interest. The the Society Islands, and others scarcely more civilized. We have one Pope, two Sultans, (those of Borneo and Turkey,) two Governors, of Entre Rios and Corrientes; one Viceroy, of Egypt; one Shah, Persia; one Imaum, Muscat; one Ameez, Cabul; and one Director, of Nicaragua.

For Love.—The Boston Transcript tells us that at mine o'clock on Monday morning a young miss, apparently about "sweet sixteen," very dealiberately threw herself from Foster's wharf into the briny element; the act was noticed by some Irishmen, who gave the alarm, when one of the crew of the British brig Ann Merriott jumped overboard and rescued her. The girl was not particularly thankful to Jack, and declared she would "do just so again." But she may think better of it.

Status the power of our hepland who seek the power of our the belief that amicable relations will us will be for their own interest. The people of all commercial countries will come seeking our timber and ships' spars. Our fisheries will be found capable of meeting the wants of a hemisphere. Our coal will give employment to hundreds of willing hands. We have every indication of gold in the bowels of our mountains, and Anstralians have ever had it in theirs?

"We awake. The dream is past; and fully aroused to sensibility we consider the omens all good, and are determined to dash 'onward and upward' in our career."

May the hopes they have excited be fully realized.